



JUNE 2025 Grain Market Outlook

Table of contents:

- 1. Bearish and bullish factors.....1
- 2. World soybean production.....2
- 3. Supply and demand estimates......3
- - 4.1 Import and export parity prices......4

This report was compiled by the applied economics team of Grain SA. If you would like any further information, or to be added to the monthly contact list, please feel free to contact Heleen Viljoen (<u>heleen@grainsa.co.za</u>) or Cathrine Mathekga (<u>cathrine@grainsa.co.za</u>)

1. Bearish And Bullish Factors

The global market is keeping a watchful eye on the crop development in the US. The majority of the crop have emerged, with initial conditions being slightly below the previous season's ratings. Additionally, in the Southern Hemisphere the harvesting process is well underway, with some concerning conditions emerging in Argentina and Brazil.



Bearish factors:

- South Africa's 2025 soybean crop harvest progressed significantly faster than the previous season, bringing stock to the market at an increased pace.
- South Africa is expected to export approximately
 200 000 tons of soybeans this season, with only
 13 000 tons exported until the end of April.
 Suggesting local prices can move closer to export parity. SAFEX prices are currently +- R400/ton above
 export parity.

Bullish factors:

- The first USDA crop condition ratings indicated that 67% of the soybean crop is rated as good-to-excellent. This offered some support to global prices.
- Argentina's soya bean harvest is progressing more slowly than normal due to rainfall, though yields continue to exceed initial expectations with harvest 88.7% complete as of 4 June.
- China's soybean imports jumped to a record 13.92 million tonnes in May. May imports were 36.2% higher than the same month last year, with Brazil continuing to dominate as the main supplier. This surge in demand is currently underpinning global soybean prices.

Everything has been done to ensure the accuracy of this information; however, Grain SA takes no responsibility for any losses or damage incurred due to the usage of this information;

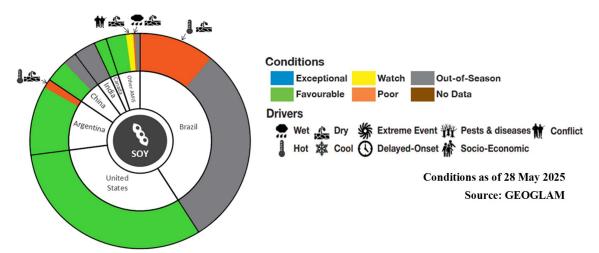
Page | 1

2. World Soybean Production



A. Global crop production conditions

In the Southern Hemisphere, the harvesting process is continuing in Argentina and almost concludes in Brazil and South Africa. In the Northern hemisphere, planting is progressing above the normal pace. **Comments on El Niño:** The climate is currently in an ENSO-neutral state, and forecasts currently estimate a 98 to 54% chance of ENSO-neutral conditions. It will likely stay that way until at least October 2025, according to the IRI¹. At this time of the year, there is limited long-range ENSO predictability.



B. Crop Conditions Commentary

Brazil:	Harvesting is concluding in Rio Grande do Sol due to a lack of rainfall and high temperatures,	
	although the yields are poor.	
Argentina:	The early- and late-planted crops are being harvested; however, the recent rains in northeastern	
	Buenos Aires are delaying progress.	
South Africa:	Harvesting is progressing, although under mixed conditions.	
United States	Planting and emergence are progressing above average in most states due to the dry and warm	
	weather in May. The total area planted is anticipated to decrease compared to last year.	

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¹ International Research Institute for Climate and Society

Canada Planting is progressing well; however, the area planted is expected to slightly decrease in comparison to the previous year.
 Ukraine Planting is progressing despite the challenges of the ongoing war and the soil moisture deficits in the eastern and southern regions.

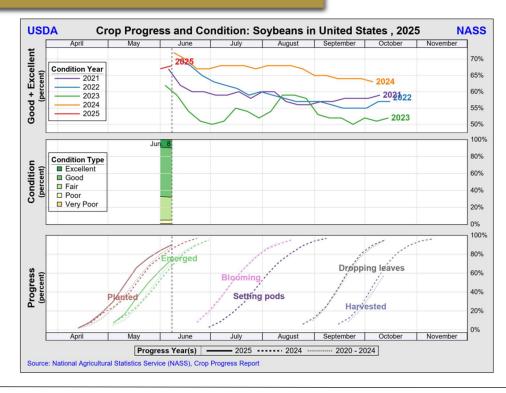
2.1. South African producer deliveries

South Africa, as of 06 June, has delivered 96% of the estimated crop for the 2025/2026 season. The Crop Estimate Committee (CEC) projects that South Africa can produce 2 330 975 tons of soybeans this season, which is a 26% increase compared to the previous season. Deliveries have been substantially faster than last year. For the remainder of this season 2 401 tons/week is needed to be delivered, compared to the previous season's 5,603 tons/week.

Delivery Estimate vs CEC Estimate 2025/26 Marketing year			
	Sojabone /Soybean		
Total deliveries (tons)	2 190 955		
CEC production estimate (tons)	2 330 975		
Adjustment for on farm consumption & storage (tons	44 000		
Adjustment for seed retention			
Crop estimate MINUS farm consumption, storage, seed retention etc	2 286 975		
Deliveries as % of CEC estimate minus retensions (%)	95,8%		
Outstanding after adjustment (tons	96 020		
Remaining weeks for delivery	4		
Delivery tempo needed to obtain CEC estimate	2 401		
Delivery tempo needed to obtain CEC estimate (same period 2024/25)	5 603		

2.2. United States crop development

Source: Grain SA. CEC. SAGIS



Page | 3

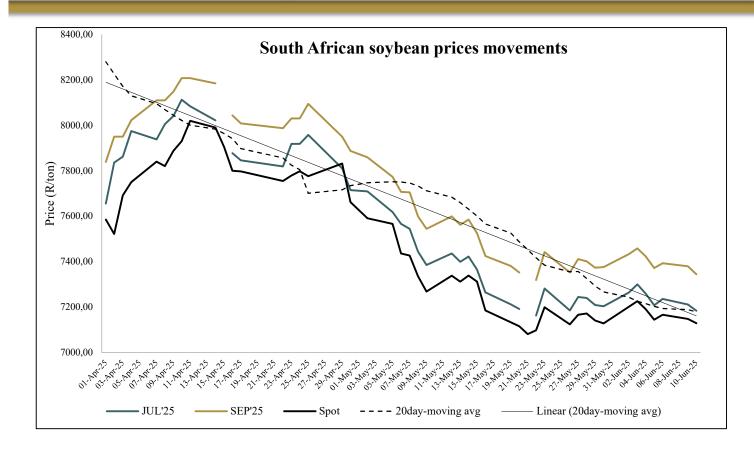
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3.1. World Agricultural Supply and Demand (WASDE) JUNE 2025/2026 overview

Beginning stocks	World:	Ending stocks
124.20 mil. tons		125.30 mil. tons
Stock-to-use percentage: 29.54%; thr	ee-year-average: 29.98%	
9.53 mil. tons	rel <u>United States:</u>	8.03 mil. tons
Stock-to-use percentage: 11.35%; thr	12 120/	
Stock-to-use percentage: 11.55%; thr	ee-year-average: 15.15%	
24.75 mil. tons	Argentina:	25.45 mil. tons
Stock-to-use percentage: 50.40%; thr	ee-year-average: 51.56%	
33.44 mil. tons	<u>Brazil:</u>	34.29 mil. tons
Stock-to-use percentage: 55.04%; th	ree-year-average: 53.62%	

Below the normal stock-to-use level prices tend to react sharply in the market environment. By comparing current year stock-to-use percentages to the norm, an indication can be concluded regarding the direction of price trends.

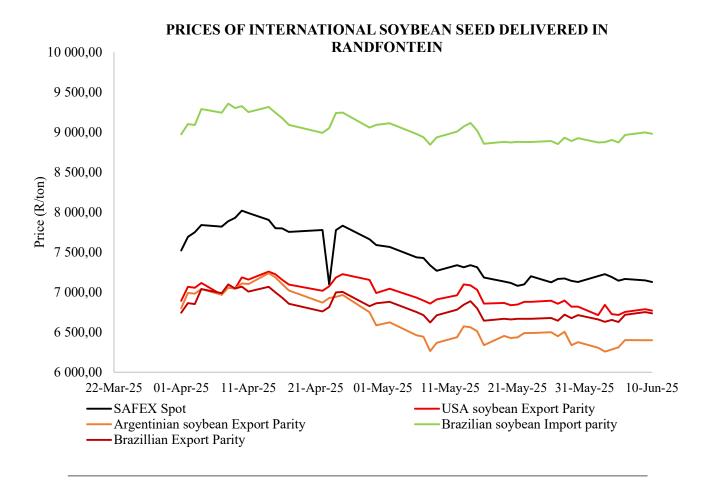
4. Monthly Contract Price Movements



Comments on market movements for soybean contracts:

Soybean prices have continued trading downward into June for all contracts. The July '25 and September '25 contracts are trading slightly higher than the spot month prices. The local price is approximately R400/t above export parity.

4.1 Import and Export Parity Prices



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Best regards,

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