	DATE		DATE		+ - LAST WEEK			AT THE MONEY PUT	OPTI	ION FOR	TUL 2020 DEL	(VERY	
GRAIN SA	2019/12/05	2019/12/04				2019/11/25					WM	YM	
GRAAN SA	Data	Δ	2	%	Data	Δ% Data		Data	Jul '20 FUTURES PRICE	R	2 578.00	R 2 535.00	
DJIA-index	27650	146.97	<b>^</b>	0.53%	27503	↓	-1.5%	28066	Put STRIKE PRICE	R	2 580.00	R 2 540.00	
Goud (Spot)	1475.89	-3.16	↓	-0.21%	1479.05	1	1.4%	1455.6	Put PREMIUM	R	228.25	R 149.24	
Brent \$/vat	62.94	1.82	<b>^</b>	3.0%	61.12	<b>↑</b>	0.9%	62.38					
1 € / US\$	1.1082	0.00	1	0.08%	1.1073	1	0.6%	1.1014	MIN SAFEX PRICE	R	2 351.75	R 2 390.76	
1 US\$ / ZAR	14.58	-0.06	<b>J</b>	-0.4%	14.64	J 📕	-1.2%	14.75					
Corn Mar 19	R 2 115.70	-28	↓	-1.3%	R 2 144.01	*CBOT Corn Dec cents / bushel 08:00 today vs. CBOT Dec 12:00 the previous day							
Wheat Mar 19	R 2 866.12	13	1	0.5%	R 2 853.17	* CBOT Wheat Dec cents / bushel 08:00 today vs. CBOT Wheat Dec 12:00 the previous day							
Soybeans Mar 19	R 4 703.65	18	1	0.4%	R 4 685.35	* CBOT S	CBOT Soy Jan cents / bushel 08:00 today vs. CBOT Soy Jan 12:00 the previous day						
Latest CBOT prices during overnight trading (Recorded between 6 a.m. to 07:00 am vs 12:00 pm the previous trading													
Corn Dec 19	368.60	-3.40	↓ 📕	-0.9%	372.00	Parity prices delivered in							
Wheat Dec 19	535.00	4.60	<b>^</b>	0.9%	530.40	Randfontein. WEAT BDN							
Soybeans Nov 19	878.00	7.00	<b>^</b>	0.80%	871.00	import par not export par							
Latest M	earest contract month (Rand / ton)		ton)	Import parity Exp		Export parity							
SORGHUM Mar '20	3469.00	0.00	<b>^</b>	0.0%	3469.00	:	3660.00	2114.00					
WMAZ Spot	2685.00	-42.00	↓ 📃	-1.5%	2727.00	4	4415.00	1950.00					
WMAZ Mar 20	2708.00	-69.00	$\mathbf{V}$	-2.5%	2777.00		3570.00	2220.00	week 30		MAIZE PI	RODUCER DELI	VERIES
WMAZ Jul 20	2578.00	-74.00	↓	-2.8%	2652.00		3640.00	2280.00	WEEK TOTAAL		5 910	1 962	7 872
YMAZ Spot	2656.00	-63.00	4	-2.3%	2719.00		3350.00		JTD TOTAAL		5 237 064	5 227 553	10 464 617
YMAZ Mar 20	2668.00	-64.00	4	-2.3%	2732.00		3570.00	2220.00	NOK SKATTING + REGSTELLINGS		5 378 240	5 369 610	10 747 850
YMAZ Jul 20	2535.00	-64.00	4	-2.5%	2599.00		3640.00	2280.00	% GELEWER VAN OES		97.4%	97.4%	97.4%
SOY spot	5968.00	22.00	1	0.4%	5946.00		6540.00						
SOY May 20	5713.00	-2.00	4	0.0%	5715.00			5030.00	Week 7		WHEAT IMPORT		S
SUN Spot	5416.00	6.00		0.1%	5410.00		6370.00	4890.00			2019/20	2018/19	5 Jr. GEM
SUN May 20	5335.00	7.00		0.1%	5328.00		6370.00	4890.00	WEEK TOTAL		17 744	-	13 523
WHEAT Spot	4387.00	9.00		0.2%	4378.00		5000.00		YTD TOTAL		358 794	82 835	276 624
WHEAT Mar 20	4499.00	-2.00	-	0.0%	4501.00		5061.00		TOTAL NEEDED		1 750 000	1 355 881	1 671 817
WHEAT May 20	4573.00	4.00	1	0.1%	4569.00		5061.00	4740.00	YTD AS % OF NEEDED		21%	6%	17%
			LATEST	MARKET I	NFORMATION TO	D 23:00 (F	RSA TIM	E) AS OBTAINED	FROM VARIOUS MARKET REPORTS				

Market overview: The rand has been strengthening since yesterday and is trading at R14.58 against the dollar this morning. The economy contracted 0.6% in the third quarter. Decreases have been registered in a number of industries, including the mining, transport, electricity and manufacturing sectors. The country's growth forecast has been repeatedly downgraded by the IMF, the World Bank and, more recently, the SA Reserve Bank for 2019 and 2020. GDP growth declined by 0.6% in the quarter from 3.2% in the second quarter, shile it rose only 0.1% year-on-year, Stats SA's data showed on Tuesday. Bloomberg's average forecast was that GDP growth would rise by 0.4% year on year and remain unchanged for the quarter. Analysts said GDP pressure in the third quarter was likely to cause some movement in the rand, reaching a five-week high of R14.51 / \$ earlier before gains evaluated. At 11:41 hours the rand weakened 0.75% to R14.6547 / \$, 0.78% to R16.2393 / € and 1.05% to R19.022 / £. The euro was \$ 1.1081. Deon Kohlmeyer, a RMB analyst, said a negative pressure on GDP would put bond yields under greater pressure "from the dire fiscal position the country already is in." Gold rose \$ 1,465.35, while platinum added 0.29% to \$ 901.25. Brent rude added 0.49% to \$ 61.21 a barrel. The United Nations, through its World Food Program, plans to increase more than double the number of people feeding it in Zimbabwe by 4.1 million by January 2020, they said on Tuesday. Some 7.7 million Zimbabweans are starving, while the country in Southern Africa has been fighting one of its worst food shortages in years. An estimated US \$ 293 million is needed for the WFP emergency response, with less than 30% of the sum insured.

Maize: US maize prices weakened yesterday as the market had fresh news to trade. Perhaps a ubiquitous factor is the amount of maize exported from Brazil, which is expected to reach 41 million tonnes, an 80% increase over the previous year's 22.8 million tonnes. The US dollar against the Brazilian real is still starting to reach new highs, which has been a negative force for US maize prices. Base levels are still strong, indicating small sales by producers, lack of supply or both. The harvest continues in the northern states, but the high moisture content and snow hinder the progress. Local: The local maize markets were under intense pressure yesterday. Large declines in price could be seen across all contracts that traded.

Soybeans: Soybean prices increased during yesterday's session. After yesterday's stability and thoughts on sold conditions, it looked like traders were willing to put aside short positions yesterday. Therefore, yesterday's rally was probably based more on the short cover and the management of profits than anything else that could be seen from a fundamental perspective. Little news on the tariff front and the expectation that Brazil will be sufficient for production again next week could keep price rallies in check. Dry levels are developing in Argentina, but it is still too early to attribute any potential yield loss. Nevertheless, it is monitored and can be supportive. Local: The local soybean markets were volatile and closed volatile with one in March and July in the green and the other in the red.

Wheat: Wheat continued volatility. Dry weather in Argentina appears on the charts, but that's probably not enough to contribute. The dry weather in Australia is having an impact, but the world has sufficient supplies. The major questions to be answered for years to come are US winter wheat planted acres, and in some parts of Europe, winter wheat planted acres. Both struggle with wet conditions. Local: The local wheat market also experienced volatile yesterday and closed the day's trading sideways with small price changes.

Domestic Market Insights & Data: <u>www.grainsa.co.za /www.sagis.co.za</u> International Market Insights & Data<u>: www.usda.gov</u>

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